



## THE BRITISH COLONIST.

Thursday Morning, Sept 30, 1869.

### The Colonial Empire.

If Queen Victoria is not indifferently disposed towards her Colonial Empire, it is greatly to be regretted that her sentiments in this respect should be so generally misapprehended in the colonial mind. It may be—we are most anxious it should be—that Her Majesty's Government fully appreciate the importance to the nation of its Colonial possessions, and that their desire is to strengthen and consolidate the connection which binds them together, rather than to rend it; but if such be the case it is much to be regretted that Ministers have such an awkward way of expressing themselves. London has recently been the theatre of rather more than ordinary excitement upon this subject. It has been announced and contradicted that a number of influential colonists in London held a meeting and said some plain things abut the alleged sneaky Colonial policy of the present administration, hinting at Colonial independence and a United States protectorate, as the probable alternative. This much of the story turns out to be true: A number of influential colonists, taking the alarm at the tenor of dispatches sent from the Colonial Office to New Zealand, as well as words spoken from time to time by Ministers in the course of debate, met at the Palace Hotel, Westminster, on the 4th August. After a free interchange of views a committee was appointed to confer with the different Colonial Governments, urging them to send representatives to a sort of Pan-Anglican Parliament, to meet at Westminster for discussion on the relations of the Colonies to the Mother Country, and to one another, such meeting to take place in February next, during the session of the Imperial Parliament. This Committee have prepared their manifesto for transmission to the respective Colonial Governments, and the same is published in the *Times*. Of course the object of the meeting in February next is, in the language of the manifesto, "to recommend measures for the consideration of the Imperial Government" calculated to improve the relations between the Mother Country and her Colonies. We are left entirely in the dark as to the right of the persons who met at the Palace Hotel to assume to act on behalf of all the colonies, and we must confess ourselves at a loss to conceive how it can be expected that all or any considerable number of the Colonial Governments will respond to an appeal so irregularly made. We say this regretfully, rather than unkindly, feeling, as we do, that great necessity exists for some concerted action on the part of the colonies with a view to a better understanding between each other and the United Kingdom. The contents of the manifesto are commonplace enough, and do not invite much remark. Perhaps a more noticeable feature of the colonial furor recently created in England is to be found in the circumstance of that old political harlequin, Sir Francis Bond Head, having rushed into the *Times* with a counter manifesto, in which he enunciates views which might well make colonists stare, did they emanate from any other source. Sir Francis, amongst other equally absurd things, asserts that the grand mistake was in granting to any of the colonies responsible or self-government! It will suffice for our present purpose to remind our readers that this same Sir Francis was in 1835 made Lieutenant-Governor of Upper Canada, and that two years of his sort of administration was sufficient to precipitate that Province into open rebellion. The name of Sir Francis Bond Head is still, and ever will be held in utter execration in Canada. He was superseded in 1838 by John George Lambton, Earl of Durham, who came to Canada with extraordinary powers, and whose memorable report amounted to a virtual justification of the revolt. The London *Spectator*, a journal of great ability and advanced liberal opinions, takes a very different view from Sir F. B. Head. It says:

"The Colonists are at last becoming conscious that the Government, in refusing aid to New Zealand in announcing to the Dominion through Sir John Young that it can have independence for the asking, in withdrawing troops from the Cape, and in informing Australia that only one regiment will be left upon the continent, is acting upon a policy which will certainly change their relations with Great Britain. They wish to have a voice in settling the new arrangement and are determined that if they are to receive no protection from England, they will not, at all events, remain under the Colonial Office, where their best men, Ministers of State, Shepherd lords, rich merchants, are all alike treated like returned convicts. If they are to be alone, they will be strong, and communicate with an office which has traditions of courtesy and patience. Accordingly, the leading colonists now in London have requested the different Colonial Governments to appoint representatives, who may soon become Envoy, and who may urge upon the Government a change in the machinery for dealing with the colonies. The plan is a wise one; but the Envoy will accomplish nothing, unless they can in some way convince the people that the alternatives are the abolition of the Colonial Office or the independence of the English-speaking Dependencies. The Lectors are not yet quite prepared to kick the colonies into space, as the Office is trying to do, but nothing short of a declaration of independence by some colony will rouse them to interfere."

**Book BINDING.**—T. N. Hibben & Co. have, in connection with their Book and Stationery Business, added Book BINDING, and the various branches connected therewith, and will add the mechanical parts and material necessary for meeting the requirements of the Colony, guaranteeing neatness, dispatch and satisfaction in all work entrusted to them.

### Spain.

When, toward the close of 1868, Isabella fled to France and the Provisional Government, with marvellous firmness, moderation and alacrity, assumed the direction of the affairs of the nation and promulgated the Spanish Magna Charta, the world, wondering, said, "Spain has risen from the dead!" The effort was indeed worthy of a great people who, having long slept under the influence of priest-ridden Royalty, have awakened to the conviction that they are men, and have fulfilled the statement placed in the mouth of Alva by Goethe, that a people never attains discretion, but remains ever childish. The Spanish Magna Charta, or Bill of Rights, gave to the nation political and religious liberty—the right to speak, write, print and publish. It at once gave the lie to all those astounding principles which adopted the Inquisition, which fitted out invincible Armadas, and which in the days only just now passed gave over the reins of government to Father Claret and Bleeding Sister Patrocinio. It was indeed marvelous that such things should happen in the land of Alva and Narvaja, in the land of Isabella and Gonzales Bravo, the land which had suffered so long and so grievously under King priesthood; yet so it happened. The Magna Charta, while recognizing the duty of the State to uphold the Roman Catholic—i.e., the national religion—gives as a common blessing to all men whatsoever with Spain the right to worship God according to conscience. We say the world marvelled at a transformation, an emancipation so sudden and complete. Less revolutions have in other times cost seas of blood. This, the most remarkable in history, might almost be said to have been a bloodless revolution. The operation could not well have been accomplished with less pain had the patient been put under chloroform. But, without any desire to detract from the brilliancy and virtue of that marvellous transformation, recent events would appear to threaten the value of results. It is not impossible that the nation was conducted miraculously through one crisis, only to make shipwreck in a second. The world will be anxious to believe that those patriots who so successfully conducted the nation from condition of the most abject religious and political thralldom into one of light and liberty, will again prove themselves equal to the emergency. The announcement that 20,000 persons at Sagossa declare that they prefer death to a return to a monarchical form of government suggests a scarcely less perplexing condition than that which gives occasion to the Government to "compel the Bishops to take the oath of allegiance." It is just possible that by concentrating the martial spirit of Spain upon a foreign quarrel an internal crisis may be tided over. The disposition evinced by the United States of America to interfere in Cuban affairs appears to have rejuvenated the martial pride of the Spaniards. Prim announces that he will hesitate at no sacrifice to subdue the insurrection in Cuba, and declares that the nation is prepared and determined to fight any and every foreign interloper. It is difficult, at the present moment to see how Spain could, even under the more favorable conditions, cope with the United States. It is especially difficult to understand in what way Prim would propose to hold Cuba in check with one hand, and whip Brother Jonathan with the other. Were it not for the growing conviction that she must relinquish Cuba, that it is utter folly to attempt a forced retention, Spain would doubtless enjoy substantial European sympathy, if forced into war with the United States upon such grounds. As it is, however, that sympathy would be more sentimental than real. Yet, however unequal the contest, Spain could loose little and might gain something by such a war. She could only loose, what it is admitted on all hands she cannot hope long to retain—Cuba; she might, by giving a new direction to the patriotism and martial prowess of her people, prevent them from imitating the "Kilkenny cats." It is scarcely probable that the United States will provoke the issue; but if they do, little harm is likely to come of it.

### The East Coast Agricultural Exhibition

**Editor BRITISH COLONIST:**—An exhibition of the Cowichan, Salt Spring and Chemainus Agricultural Societies was held on the 22d inst at Maple Bay. Though the weather was unfavorable, and the drought of the present season prevented a larger show, yet we had occasion to be proud of the success of the undertaking; and we heartily wish that all those, both in this country and out of it, who have any doubt as to the agricultural capacity of this Colony could have been present. The observers could but reflect how much more convincing to the immigrant was the appeal made by such an exhibition than all the resolutions, speeches and prize essays that have been or may be issued.

It was cheering to notice the interest and zeal manifested by the community, showing that the future success of our Colonial exhibitions must depend in a great measure upon such local enterprises.

The inspection of the judges occupied considerable time owing to the scarcity of persons that were not exhibitors. The Society was called to order by the president, Archdeacon Reece, and after the reception of the reports of the annual officers, the hon Secretary read the names of the successful competitors for the different prizes.

For the best pair Work Horses, Drinkwater, 1st prize.

For the second best pair of Work Horses, A. Skinner, 2nd prize.

For the best Mare and Foal, Kier, 1st prize.

For the best two-year old Colt, Jourdan, 1st prize.

For the second best two-year old Colt, Bell, 1st prize.

For the best Milch Cow, Marriner, 1st prize.

For the best Work Oxen, Skinner, 1st prize.

For the second best Work Oxen, Habart, 2nd prize.

For the best two-year old Heifer, Marriner, 1st prize.

For the best three-year old Steers, Marriner, 1st prize.

For the best Spring Pigs, Marriner, 1st prize.

For the best Sample of Wheat, Alexander, 1st prize.

For the second best Sample of Wheat, Skinner, 2nd prize.

For the best Barley, A. Skinner, 1st prize.

For the best Oats, Davie, 1st prize.

For the best Peas, Drinkwater, 1st prize.

For the best Beans, Jones, 1st prize.

For the second best Beans, Norton, 2nd prize.

For the best Indian Corn, Buckner, 1st prize.

For the best Timothy Seed, Alexander, 1st prize.

For the best Rye, Alexander, 1st prize.

For the best Vetches or Tares, Jourdan, 1st prize.

For the best Swede Turnips, Habart, 1st prize.

For the second best Swede Turnips, Kier, 2nd prize.

For the best Aberdeen Yellow Turnips, Drinkwater, 1st prize.

For the second best Aberdeen Yellow Turnips, Habart, 2nd prize.

For the best Mangold Wurtzel, Jourdan, 1st prize.

For the second best Mangold Wurtzel, Kier, 2nd prize.

For the best Beets, Marriner, 1st prize.

For the second best Beets, Lomas, 2nd prize.

For the best Carrots Mears 1st prize.

For the best Belgian White Carrots Jourdan 1st prize; Drinkwater 2nd prize.

For the best Early Horn, Jourdan 1st prize; Drinkwater 2nd prize.

For the best Parsnips, Drinkwater 1st prize.

For the best Early Potatoes, Habart 1st prize; Kier 2nd prize.

For the best Late Potatoes, Drinkwater 1st prize.

For the best Onions, Jourdan 1st prize; Alexander 2nd prize.

For the best Cabbages, Archdeacon Reece 1st prize; Griffiths 2nd prize.

For the best Tomatoes, Booth 1st prize; Duncan 2nd prize.

For the best Pumpkins, Marriner 1st prize; Skinner 2nd prize.

For the best Squashes, Marriner 1st prize.

For the best Melons, Marriner 1st prize; Skinner 2nd prize.

For the best Apples, Griffiths 1st prize; Davis 2nd prize.

For the best Pears, Griffiths 1st prize.

For the best Butter, Alexander 1st prize; Drinkwater 2nd prize.

For the best Cheese, Drinkwater 1st prize; Bednal 2nd prize.

For the best Eggs, Meams 1st prize.

For the best Flowers, Skinner 1st prize; Marriner 2nd prize.

For the best Needlework, Mrs Griffiths.

JOHN C JONES,  
Corresponding Secy.

### A CARD.

To the PUBLIC.—After the ungracious manner in which I was treated by the Police, it will afford my friends gratification to know that Mr Pemberton has discharged me saying there was not a stain on my character. And I take this method of acknowledging that Mr Nutall, the agent of the Phoenix Assurance Company in this Colony, has promptly paid me the amount of the loss—\$450 which I sustained by the fire; and that he had no difficulty in obtaining a favorable judgment of the Police towards me. After I was incarcerated, several articles, which at the peril of my life I had saved from the fire, were carried off by unknown villains. Who I would ask, is responsible for this? The Police are clearly to blame; and I have no remedy.

Thanking the public for their consideration towards me during my recent severe trial,

I am respectfully,

MICHAEL WELLS.

Sept 29, 1869.

—PROMIS & SAUNDERS  
(Successors to P. MANETTA.)  
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN  
Groceries, Provisions, Wines,  
Liquors, etc.

CONSTANTLY ON HAND—THE BEST AND  
CHEAPEST SELECTION OF FAMILY GROCERIES.

All Goods delivered by express wagon free of charge

Highest Price paid for FARIN PRODUCE.

Very superior Bordeaux Claret Wine by gallon or  
case.

JOHNSON ST.....VICTORIA, V. I.  
sc29 fm

In re Estate of William Conney, deceased,  
Intestate.

ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS  
against the above estate are to prove the same  
before the Registrar of the Supreme Court, V. I., on or before  
the first day of November next; and all persons having  
any property, or claim to any knowledge of the whereabouts  
of any person, or persons, liable to the above-mentioned deceased are required to furnish information thereof or hand over the same forthwith to

RICHARD WOODS, Official Administrator.

Or to H. C. COURTNEY, Solicitor in this matter.

Victoria, B. C., September 28, 1869.

—FOR PORT TOWNSEND.

THE ATM. "GRIMM," will sail  
from Victoria on Monday and Friday, at 8 o'clock A. M. for the  
above Port; returning to Victoria on Tuesday and Saturday,  
commencing Friday, October 1st, 1869.

FARE.....\$3.

sc28 fm

C. BOSSI.

IMPORTER AND WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALER IN

Groceries, Provisions,

WINES, LIQUORS, &c.

NEW STORE, Cor. Government & Jon.

FARMER'S PRODUCE taken in Exch.

FAMILIES supplied with the Choicest articles in my  
line in any part of the City Free of Cost of Carrage.

sc3 fm

WANTED.

A BISCUIT BAKER.

CONSTANT EMPLOYMENT.

Apply to

K. MCKENZIE,  
Coral flower, V. I.

sc28

## New Advertisements.

## AUCTION

Janion, Rhodes & Co.

WILL SELL ON THEIR PREMISES

Friday, October 1st,

AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK A.M.

WITHOUT RESERVE.

TO CLOSE CONSIGNMENTS.

—Doz Blue Serge Shirts

Doz Grey do

Kersey Undershirts

Kersey Drawers

Fine Welsh Flannel Undershirts

Fine Baltic shirts

Fine Melton Shirts

Heavy Flannel Overshirts

—Prs Dark Tweed Trowsers

Heavy Witney Trowsers

Black Doe Trowsers

Black Doe Vests

Fancy Tweed Vests

## THE BRITISH COLONIST.

Thursday Morning, Sept 30, 1869.

### Shipping Intelligence.

PORT OF VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

#### ENTERED

Sept 29—Slop Mist, Duke, San Juan.  
Star Enterprise, Swanson, New Westminster.  
Star Lady Franklin, Pritchard, San Juan,  
CLEARED.

Sept 29—Star W H Hunt, Waitt, Port Townsend  
Star Eliza Anderson, Flinch, Port Townsend  
Slop Mist, Duke, San Juan.

#### Auction Sales To-Day.

J. DAVIES & CO., ... Where street, will sell at 11 o'clock, at the residence of Col. Foster, Esquimalt, all his Household Furniture, Gums, Pistols, Plateware, &c.

### Agricultural and Horticultural Society's Exhibition.

The most successful Exhibition of Agricultural and Horticultural Products and Colonial Manufactures ever held in British Columbia, came off yesterday.

When we say the most successful, we speak not alone of the pecuniary results, (which were good,) but of the fresh impetus which the vigorous competition developed yesterday, will impart to every productive interest in the Colony. The attendance was very large. There were visitors and competitors from the Mainland and Washington Territory, from the East Coast, from the districts lying around Victoria, and from Victoria herself.

The turnout was general, and the fair sex, in point of number and attractiveness completely threw into the shade those cast in a sterner mould. Barring a little dampness under foot, and a slight shower at noon, the day was all that could be desired.

At an early hour the animals and articles were all arranged—the fruits, vegetables, etc., in the pavilion and the live stock in the cattle yard—and the judges commenced their duties. At one o'clock the gates were unbarred and in came the multitude, like a mighty human torrent, filling every nook and corner of the spacious pavilion and yard and feasting their eyes on the wonders of nature placed on exhibition. It soon became apparent that the boundaries of the yard and pavilion were too contracted to accommodate with comfort the large number of persons who sought admittance, and though none went away unable to enter, the place was inconveniently crowded during the whole day. It would take us a long time to enumerate every animal and article on exhibition; therefore a brief summary of such as approached most nearly the standard of excellence must suffice.

Among the live stock appeared a magnificent bull from Cloverdale, (Dr Tolmie's) which took the first prize in his class.

A beautiful little, round limber trotting horse, owned by Mr. Moore of Washington Territory, was awarded the first prize. A handsome iron-grey saddle-horse, from Olympia, W T, owned by T A Shelton, took the prize for his class. Mr. Tergoos of Saanich exhibited a splendid blood-mare with foal at foot, and a yearling colt, all of which attracted many admirers; the mare and colt took the first prize, the mare and colt taking the 2nd.

Mr Williams of this city drove the finest pair of carriage horses (greys) to the Show and trotted off with the first prize; and Geo Stelly's pair of draught horses hauled away the first prize in their range; while A. Buntster took the 1st and F. Garesche the 2nd for single draught horses.

There were a number of fine sheep in pens, among the best of which were those of A Peat, G Harvey, G Deans and Dr Tolmie, all of which took prizes.

Jas Porter sent in a savage looking boar of superior breed, and H Holmes a broad sow of magnificent proportions. Some of the hogs were so fat as to be unable to walk or see. A Chinese hog was in this sad plight and lay grunting in an excess of comfort on a bed of clean straw. The finest pig, by a long way, was that exhibited by N C Bailey, of Bailey's hotel. He was large and fat, and, withal, clean. If there be any beauty in a mammoth hog—and stockraisers declare there is—the palm of beauty must be awarded Bailey's porcine.

In Produce the sample of wheat shown were excellent, and R Browne, of Saanich, was awarded the first prize. In barley and oats A LeClair was the most successful. W King's oats looked well and took the 2d prize, as did Tissit's and Lindsay's Swedes.

The Poultry display was large and good. Dr Tolmie had the finest turkeys; D F Fee the best geese; A Keast the finest ducks.

J Cowper and E A Whittingham exhibited some beautiful vegetable marrows, and got prizes. And Ah Sing's (Chicaman) turnips couldn't beat.

Spratt & Kleinert's plough and Duck & Sandover's farm wagon and harrow were among the best on exhibition.

No articles on exhibition attracted so much attention as the products of the dairy, and much anxiety was manifested to learn who were the successful competitors in this department. The butter, especially, was of excellent quality, and the judges experienced much difficulty in arriving at a decision. A number of experienced "tasters" had to be impressed to assist the judges in their labors, and after a long and really anxious period of suspense it was finally announced that Mr. Alexander, of Cowichan, who last year took the first prize for fresh butter, had again been successful. Mr Tissit of the Oakland milk ranch, got the second prize for fresh; and A C Wells, of Sumas, the first prize for the best butter in skins.

Mr Alsey Fox exhibited fine flower-pots, drain-tiles and building bricks, I land made, and got the first prize for each. Mr Porter's pressed bricks came in for a good word from the Committee.

In Island bacon, Heywood did the "correct thing" and got the 1st and only prize.

Frederick Kay, of New Westminster, exhibited barrels of salt salmon, cut fully put up and looking good enough to eat on sight. He took the first prize for fish and the first prize for cranberries. Messrs McClearen and Franklin, also of New Westminster, bore off the 2d prize for cranberries. Sam Herring, another Mainland contributor to the success of the exhibition, was awarded the first prizes for pears, tomatoes and corn.

Mr J Clayton, of Fort Street, exhibited luscious looking grapes, two varieties, and took both prizes. The same exhibitor sent in a magnificent branch of Lawton blackberries, and was awarded the first prize for berries and the 2d prize for plants.

Mr J Clayton, of Fort Street, exhibited

The display of Island hops was excellent. Mr Cloke, of Saanich, got the first, and 2d, the 2d prize. A very good article of hops was shown by W H Wood, of Pierce county, Washington Territory. Hepeforth, hops will figure largely among Colonial products.

Mitchell & Johnson's table showed to much advantage; the air in their vicinity was redolent with the rich perfume of fl. wera. In dubious they exhibited a great many beautiful varieties, and took the first prize for plants. A beautiful *Canaria Indicus* was exhibited by Mr P H Clarke.

One of the novelties of the Exhibition was a distaff and spinning-wheel, made on the Island by , with patches of fine wool lying ready for use. The quaint appearance of the wheel carried not a few in memory back to the days when such articles were objects of indispensable use rather than of curiosity. Very fine current wines were sent from the Mainland by Sam Herring, satisfactorily tested the Judges, pronounced to be excellent, and were awarded the first prize. Mrs J Rudlin, of Spring Ridge, also exhibited fine samples of red current wine.

Jay & Bales, beautiful collection of evergreens and Island seed, was greatly admired and deservedly won for the Exhibition the first prize. They showed great skill and care on the part of the grower. A happy "hit" of the day was a card appended to a bunch of eleven pears, which bore the inscription—"all that the bearded widow's cow left in Drummond's garden." The pears were much admired, as is not the "Widow's Cow," by any but her owner.

There were many mammoth apples and pears on show. The largest came from the garden of Mr A Lyne, and weighed 30 ounces—variety, *gloria mundi*. J Bennett, of Belingham Bay, Washington Territory, took the first prize for pitted plums.

Among the colonial manufactures were seal oil from the Metlakatla Mission; clarified and benzotized lard, by Langley & Co.; pickled salmon and blotters by

H Short had several elegant rifles and fowling pieces on exhibition. These weapons are of colonial manufacture and are most creditable to the maker.

Mr. Bassett's woi's head and birds were nicely arranged, and the checker-board by J Petersen, showed what colonial wood is capable of when skilfully manipulated.

Mr Wm Dalby, had the best and largest collection of colonial leather and morocco we have yet seen. The same exhibitor showed solid leather trunks of various sizes and some very superior grommets.

H Short had several elegant rifles and fowling pieces on exhibition. These weapons are of colonial manufacture and are most creditable to the maker.

John Sene of the Richmond exhibited fine vegetables and stock and took several prizes for milch and other cows. Mr Tissit was awarded the first prize for the best milch cow, and his next door neighbor, George Deans, first prizes for best two lambs, best ewe and best ram-lamb.

Among the finest onions exhibited were those grown by Mr. Jesse Cowper, in his garden. They were very large and firm and were awarded the first prize.

John Murray had some fine stock on exhibition. He took the first prize for the best 3-year old steer and best 3-year old heifer.

Following is the list of prizes awarded:

LIVE STOCK.

Dr Tolmie, best bull 1st prize, H King 2nd prize.

J Murray, best steer 3 to 5 yrs 1st, John Parker 2nd

J D Pemberton, 2 yr old sizer 1st, Dr Tolmie 2nd,

J D Pemberton, yearling 1st.

E Tissit, milch cow 1st, J B Sene 2nd.

John Murray, 3 yr heifer 1st and 2nd

J D Pemberton, 2 yr first 1st, H King 2nd

J B Sene, yearling 1st, J D Pemberton 2nd

Dr Tolmie, heifer call 1st.

G Harvey, ram 1st, A Bonner 2nd

G Deans, ram lamb 1st, Dr Tolmie 2nd

A Peat, gimmer 1st

G Deans 5 ewe 1st, G Harvey 2nd

G Deans 5 ewe lamb 1st, A Peat 2nd

G Harvey, 5 ft sheep 1st

G Stelle, stat'ion 1st

W Tuigose, brood mare 1st, J E Edwards 2nd

J W Williams, carriage horse 1st

G Stelle, pair draught horses 1st

J W Sutin, saddle horse 1st, Duck & Sandover 2nd

A Bunter, draught horse 1st, F Garesche 2nd

J D Pemberton, 2 yr old sizer 1st, Dr Tolmie 2nd,

J D Pemberton, yearling 1st.

E Tissit, milch cow 1st, J B Sene 2nd.

John Murray, 3 yr heifer 1st and 2nd

J D Pemberton, 2 yr first 1st, H King 2nd

J B Sene, yearling 1st, J D Pemberton 2nd

Dr Tolmie, heifer call 1st.

G Harvey, ram 1st, A Bonner 2nd

G Deans, ram lamb 1st, Dr Tolmie 2nd

A Peat, gimmer 1st

G Deans 5 ewe 1st, G Harvey 2nd

G Deans 5 ewe lamb 1st, A Peat 2nd

G Harvey, 5 ft sheep 1st

G Stelle, stat'ion 1st

W Tuigose, brood mare 1st, J E Edwards 2nd

J W Williams, carriage horse 1st

G Stelle, pair draught horses 1st

J W Sutin, saddle horse 1st, A LeClair 2nd

H Holness, brood sow 1st, A LeClair 2nd

N C Bailey, fat pig 1st

PRODUCE.

R Browne, bushel of wheat 1st prize, T Gleed 2nd prize

A LeClair, barley 1st, P Fowler 2nd

A LeClair, oats 1st, J C King 2nd

J Tenant, peas 1st, R Baker 2nd

Clock & Co. hops 1st, A Bunter 2nd

R Browne, wheat Governor's prize

A LeClair, Timothy seed 1st

E Tissit, swedes turnips 1st, G Lindsay 2nd

S W Herring, white turnips 1st

S W Herring, other turnips 1st, H King 2nd

H King, mangold 1st, S McCleary 2nd

M Francis, carrots 1st, S W Herring 2nd

S W Herring, cattle cabbage 1st

D Alexander, butter 1st, E Tissit 2nd

A C Wills, cheese 1st and 2nd

A C Wells, salt butter 1st, W Vedder 2nd

D Alexander, Governor's prize

J Heywood, ham and bacon 1st

FRUITS.

Miss Yates, collection fruit 1st, W Gregory 2nd

J Bobb, apples 1st, S W Herring 2nd

S W Herring, pears 1st, J W Trutch 2nd

A C Anderson, collection of melons 1st, P Clark 2nd

J Clayton, grapes 1st and 2nd

PLANTS AND FLOWERS.

J Clayton, bouquet 1st prize

Mitchell & Johnson, pot flowers 1st, J Clayton 2nd

VEGETABLES.

J B Sene, best collection 1st prize

J S Smith, potatoes 1st, R Baker 2nd

Ah Sing, cabbage 1st, T Williams 2nd

G Richardson, cauliflower 1st, Ah Chuk 2nd

Ah Sing, lettuces 1st, Ah Chuk 2nd

J Moss, celery 1st, Ah Chuk 2nd

A LeClair, parsnips 1st, A C Wells 2nd

E Rayen, beets 1st, A C Wells 2nd

J Porter, carrots 1st, original 2nd

and 3rd, and 4th, and 5th, and 6th, and 7th, and 8th, and 9th, and 10th, and 11th, and 12th, and 13th, and 14th, and 15th, and 16th, and 17th, and 18th, and 19th, and 20th, and 21st, and 22nd, and 23rd, and 24th, and 25th, and 26th, and 27th, and 28th, and 29th, and 30th, and 31st, and 32nd, and 33rd, and 34th, and 35th, and 36th, and 37th, and 38th, and 39th, and 40th, and 41st, and 42nd, and 43rd, and 44th, and 45th, and 46th, and 47th, and 48th, and 49th, and 50th, and 51st, and 52nd, and 53rd, and 54th, and 55th, and 56th, and 57th, and 58th, and 59th, and 60th, and 61st, and 62nd, and 63rd, and 64th, and 65th, and 66th, and 67th, and 68th, and 69th, and 70th, and 71st, and 72nd, and 73rd, and 74th, and 75th, and 76th,

## Medical.

## French Medicines,

PREPARED BY

GRIMAUDET CO.

Chemists to H.I.H. Prince Napoleon

PARIS.

These different medicines represent the most recent medical discoveries, founded on the principles of Chemistry and Therapeutics. They must not be confounded with secret or quick medicines, as they are sufficiently indicated by their composition; a circumstance which has always been peculiar to them, and prescribed by the Faculty in the whole world. They widely differ from those numerous medicines advertised in the public papers as able to cure every possible disease, as they are applicable only to but a very few complaints. The most stringent laws exist in France with regard to the sale of medical preparations, which have no certificate of government examination by the Academy of Medicine, and have been proved efficacious, either in the hospitals or in the practice of the first physicians, are authorized by the Government. This fact must be a guarantee for the excellence of Messrs. Grimaud et Co.'s medicines.

## DOCTOR LERAS'

(Doctor of Medicine.)

## LIQUID PHOSPHATE OF IRON.

The newest and most esteemed medicine in cases of Chlorosis, Pains in the Stomach, Difficult Digestion, Diarrhoea, Anæmia, General Debility and Poverty of Blood.

It is particularly recommended to regulate the functions of nature, and to all ladies of delicate constitution, as well as to persons suffering under every kind of debility what's ever. It is the preservative of health par excellence in all warm and relaxing climates.

## NO MORE COD LIVER OIL!

Grimault's Syrup of Iodized Horse Radish.

This medicine has been administered with the utmost success in the Hospitals of Paris. It is a perfect substitute for Cod Liver Oil, and has been found most beneficial in Diseases of the Chest, Scrofula, Lymphatic Disorders, Green Sickness, Muscular Atrophy, and Loss of Appetite. It generates the constant action in purifying the blood, it being the most powerful depurative known. It can be applied with happy results in Diseases of the Skin. Further, it will be found to be of great benefit to young children subject to Humors and Obstructions of the Glands.

CONSUMPTION CURED!

Grimault's Syrup of Hypophosphate of Lime.

This new medicine is considered to be a sovereign remedy in case of Consumption and other Diseases of the Lungs. It promptly removes the most serious symptoms. The cough is relieved, night perspirations cease and the patient is rapidly restored to health.

N.B.—Be sure to see that the signature of Grimaud &amp; Co. is affixed to the bottle, as this Syrup is liable to imitations.

NO MORE DIFFICULT OR PAINFUL DIGESTION!

DR BURIN DU BUISSON'S

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## DIGESTIVE LOZENGES

This delicious preparation is always prescribed by the most reputed medical men in France in cases of derangements of the digestive organs, such as

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ESTABLISHED 1825.

Constituted by Special Acts of Parliament.

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This insurance is available to all classes of men, and may be procured by thousands whose condition of health and purse will not admit of a full life policy. Its actual benefits are clearly shown by

Over \$25,000 Paid in Losses.

This preparation has the great advantage of combining two most powerful tonics known in the medical world. Of perfect tonicity and agreeable taste, this Syrup is taken with pleasure and suits the most delicate stomachs.

It is particularly suited to the REFLUXUS TONIC which should be administered in cases of delicate constitution.

and is easily assimilated, and is particularly employed in the treatment of Chlorosis, Anæmia, Pale Complexion, Gastritis, Gastralgia, Whites, Leucorrhœa, Debility, Want of Appetite, Poverty of Blood, &amp;c.

No more Dyspepsia, Vomiting during Pregnancy, or Sea Sickness.

GRIMAUDET CO.'S Elixir of PEPSINE.

This Elixir undergoes no alteration in this delicious preparation. It will consequently be preferred to Peppine Powders &amp;c. It is the digestive medicine particularly recommended at the same time a most agreeable table wine.

Messrs. Grimaud beg to call the attention of the faculty and the public in general to the fact that real Peppine is prepared in France alone. It is far superior to all others often extracted from the stomach of porc.

NO MORE COPAIBA OR CUBEBS!

Grimault's Capsules and

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